#### EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL NOTES

THIS PLAN HAS BEEN DEVELOPED AS A STRATEGY TO CONTROL SOIL EROSION ANDSEDIMENTATION DURING AND AFTER CONSTRUCTION. THIS PLAN IS BASED ON THE STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR EROSION PREVENTION IN DEVELOPING AREAS AS CONTAINED IN THE "MAINE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES", MAINE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION DATED MARCH 2003.

THE PROPOSED LOCATIONS OF SILTATION AND EROSION CONTROL STRUCTURES ARE SHOWN ON THE SITE PLAN.

1. ALL SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE DONE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE "MAINE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES", MAINE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION DATED MARCH 2003.

2. THOSE AREAS UNDERGOING ACTUAL CONSTRUCTION WILL BE MAINTAINED IN AN UNTREATED OR UNVEGETATED CONDITION FOR THE MINIMUM TIME REQUIRED. IN GENERAL AREAS TO BE VEGETATED SHALL BE PERMANENTLY WITHIN 15 DAYS OF FINAL GRADING AND TEMPORARILY STABILIZED WITHIN 30 DAYS OF INITIAL DISTURBANCE OF THE SOIL.

3. SEDIMENT BARRIERS (SILT FENCE, STONE CHECK DAMS, ETC.) SHOULD BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO ANY SOIL DISTURBANCE OF UPGRADIENT DRAINAGE AREAS.

4. INSTALL SILT FENCE AT TOE OF SLOPES TO FILTER SILT FROM RUNOFF. SEE SILT FENCE DETAIL FOR PROPER INSTALLATION. SILT FENCE WILL REMAIN IN PLACE PER NOTE

5. ALL EROSION CONTROL STRUCTURES WILL BE INSPECTED, REPLACED AND/OR REPAIRED EVERY 7 DAYS AND IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING ANY SIGNIFICANT RAINFALL OR SNOW MELT OR WHEN NO LONGER SERVICEABLE DUE TO SEDIMENT ACCUMULATION OR DECOMPOSURE. SEDIMENT DEPOSITS MUST BE REMOVED WHEN THEY REACH APPROXIMATELY ONE HALF THE HEIGHT OF THE BARRIER. SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES SHALL REMAIN IN PLACE AND BE MAINTAINED BY THE CONTRACTOR UNTIL AREAS UPSLOPE ARE PERMANENTLY STABILIZED.

6. NO SLOPES, EITHER PERMANENT OR TEMPORARY, SHALL BE STEEPER THAN TWO HORIZONTAL TO ONE VERTICAL (2TO 1) UNLESS STABILIZED WITH RIP-RAP OR OTHER STRUCTURAL MEANS.

7. IF FINAL SEEDING AND SODDING IS NOT EXPECTED PRIOR TO THE ANTICIPATED DATE OF THE FIRST KILLING FROST, USE TEMPORARY ANNUAL RYEGRASS SEEDING AND MULCHING ON ROUGH GRADED SUBSOIL TO PROTECT THE SITE AND DELAY PERMANENT LOAMING, FINE GRADING, AND SEEDING OR SODDING UNTIL SPRING.

8. WHEN FEASIBLE, TEMPORARY SEEDING OF DISTURBED AREAS THAT HAVE NOT BEEN FINISH GRADED SHALL BE COMPLETED 30 DAYS PRIOR TO THE FIRST KILLING FROST.

9. DURING THE CONSTRUCTION PHASE, INTERCEPTED SEDIMENT WILL BE RETURNED TO THE SITE AND RE-GRADED ONTO OPEN AREAS. POST SEEDING SEDIMENT, IF ANY, WILL B DISPOSED OF IN AN ACCEPTABLE MANNER.

10. REVEGETATION MEASURES WILL COMMENCE UPON COMPLETION OF CONSTRUCTION EXCEPT AS NOTED ABOVE. ALL DISTURBED AREAS NOT OTHERWISE STABILIZED WILL BE

GRADED, SMOOTHED, AND REVEGETATED. 11. ALL TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE REMOVED ONCE THE SITE IS

#### 12. STABILIZATION SCHEDULE:

STABILIZED.

SEPTMBER 15 ALL DISTURBED AREAS AREAS MUST BE SEEDED AND MULCHED. ALL SLOPES MUST BE STABILIZED, SEEDED AND MULCHED. SLOPES 3:1 OR GREATER TO BE STABILIZED WITH EROSION CONTROL

ALL DISTURBED AREAS TO BE PROTECTED WITH AN ANNUAL GRASS MUST

ΒE SEEDED AT A SEEDING RATE OF 3 POUNDS PER 1,000 SQUARE FEET AND

MULCHED.

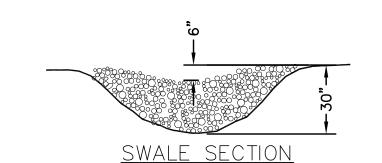
ALL GRASS-LINED DITCHES AND CHANNELS MUST BE STABILIZED OCTOBER 1 WITH MULCH OR EROSION CONTROL BLANKET.

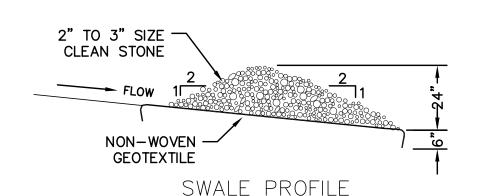
NOVEMBER 15 ALL STONE-LINED DITCHES AND CHANNELS MUST BE CONSTRUCTED AND STABILIZED. SLOPES THAT ARE COVERED WITH RIPRAP MUST BE CONSTRUCTED BY THAT DATE.

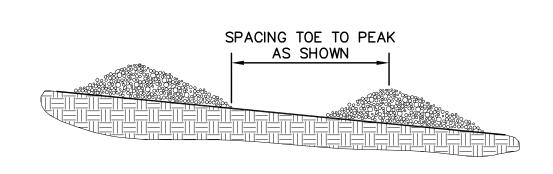
DECEMBER 15 ALL DISTURBED AREAS WHERE THE GROWTH OF VEGETATION FAILS TO BE AT LEAST THREE INCHES TALL OR AT LEAST 75% OF THE DISTURBED SOIL IS COVERED BY VEGETATION, MUST BE PROTECTED FOR OVER-WINTER.

# EROSION CONTROL - WETLAND NOTES

- 1. WETLANDS AND SURFACE WATERS (EXCEPTING THOSE WHICH ARE TO BE FILLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS) WILL BE PROTECTED WITH SILT FENCE INSTALLED AT THE EDGE OF THE WETLAND OR THE BOUNDARY OF WETLAND DISTURBANCE.
- 2. IF THE WORK INCLUDES CROSSING OF WETLANDS AND/OR STREAMS, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL TAKE SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS WORKING IN THESE AREAS
- 3. ANY WETLAND CROSSING WORK SHALL BE COMPLETED BETWEEN THE PERIOD OF MAY 1 AND SEPTEMBER 30
- 4. ALL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE IN PLACE PRIOR TO COMMENCING CONSTRUCTION WITHIN OR ADJACENT TO WETLAND AREAS.
- 5. WETLAND VEGETATIVE LAYERS SHALL BE REMOVED AND SALVAGED FOR RESTORATION OF THE DISTURBED AREAS.
- 6. STORAGE AREAS FOR WETLAND MATERIALS SHALL BE PROPERLY PROTECTED AGAINST EROSION.
- 7. SEEDING OF THE DISTURBED AREAS WITHIN WETLAND AREAS SHALL UTILIZE MIXTURES APPROPRIATE FOR WETLAND AREAS AS OUTLINED IN THE SPECIFICATIONS.





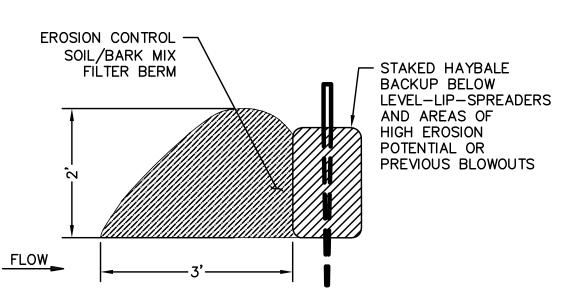


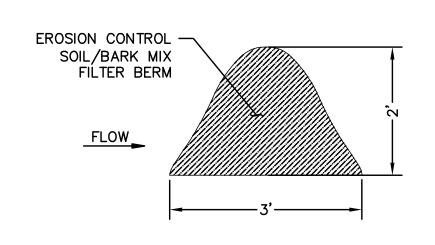
SWALE/DITCH STONE CHECK DAM

NOT TO SCALE

NOT TO SCALE

SPACING BETWEEN CHECK DAMS





### ROLL BOTH FENCE POSTS TOGETHER TO CONNECT TWO FENCE ENDS CONNECTION PLAN VIEW SUPPORT FENCE & POSTS, 6' O/C MAX SPACING (10' MAX. O/C FOR REINFORCED FABRIC) SECURE FABRIC TO POSTS 4"X4" BACKFILLED ANCHOR TRENCH 4" CONTINUOUS POLYPROPYLENE ANCHOR TRENCH SEDIMENT CONTROL FABRIC ON WIRE SECTION **PROFILE FENCE**

1. PLACE SILT FENCE OR FILTER BERMS ALONG UNIFORMLY SLOPED SURFACE. 2. EROSION CONTROL MIX FILTER BERM MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR A SILT

- 3. EXCAVATE A 4" X 4" TRENCH ALONG THE LINE OF PLACEMENT FOR THE FILTER BARRIER.
- 4. UNROLL ONSE SECTION AT A TIME AND POSITION THE POSTS AGAINST THE BACK (DOWNSTREAM) WALL OF THE TRENCH
- 5. DRIVE THE POSTS INTO THE GROUND UNTIL APPROXIMATELY 2" OF FABRIC IS LYING ON THE TRENCH BOTTOM. JOIN SECTIONS AS SHOWN ABOVE.
- 6. LAY THE TOE-IN FLAP OF FABRIC ONTO THE UNDISTURBED BOTTOM OF THE TRENCH. BACKFILL THE TRENCH AND TAMP THE SOIL. TOE-IN CAN ALSO BE ACCOMPLISHED BY AN INTERCEPTOR DITCH.

PROFILE

**→**50' MIN. →

PLAN VIEW

TEMP. STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE

OVERLAPPING SEAM -

(SEE INSERT B)

7. BARRIER SHALL BE MIRAFI SILT FENCE OR APPROVED EQUAL

SILT FENCE

**EXISTING** 

GRADE

NOT TO SCALE

NOT TO SCALE

EROSION CONTROL -

BLANKET (TYP)

4-6" LOAM AND -

SEED (TYP)

EXISTING ROAD

PAVEMENT

NON-WOVEN

CLEAN 1" TO 3"

CRUSHED STONE

EXISTING

PAVEMENT

- SEE INSERT C

EDGE OF BLANKET

(SEE INSERT A)

**GEOTEXTILE** 

AND GRAVEL

# Town of

OWNER OF RECORD

**Maine Highlands** 

Development

53 East Shore Road

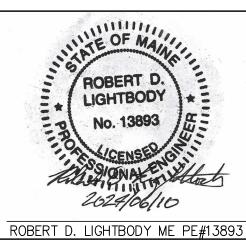
Embden, Maine

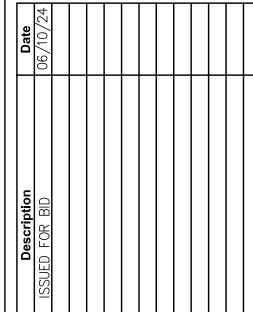
PH: 207 431 0694

GENERAL NOTES:

38 School Street, Kingfield, Maine PH: 207 265 4637

PE SEAL:





Town of Kingfield

Riverside Street Rehabilitation

Kingfield, ME

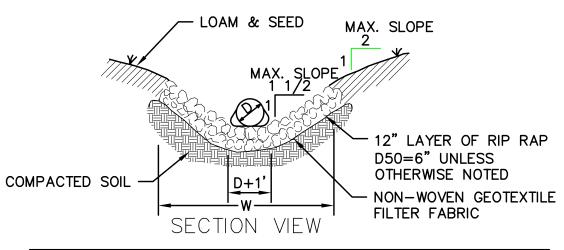
**E&SC NOTES DETAILS** 

23.03 Project number 10 JUNE, 2024 RDL Drawn by XXX Checked by

N.T.S.

Scale

# SEDIMENT FILTER BERM NOT TO SCALE



PIPE DIAMETER (IN)	APRON WIDTH W (FT)	APRON LENGTH L (FT)
12	5	10
15	6	12
18	8	15
24	10	20
30	15	30
36	17	35
MAX. SLOPE		
12" LAYER OF RIP RAP D50=6" UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED  CONCRETE FLARED END		
NON-WOVEN GEOTEXTILE -	AND ADADTEDS	

SECTION AND ADAPTERS

PROFILE VIEW

STORM DRAIN INLET/OUTLET RIP-RAP

FILTER FABRIC

SEWER GRATE - LIFT STRAPS REINFORCED CORNERS OVERFLOW PORTS MANAGEABL 2 FOOT CONTAINMEN AREA DUMPING STRAPS - STORM INLET

NOT TO SCALE

STORMDRAIN INLET EROSION CONTROL

SETTLEMENT. COMPACT FILL UNDER PAVEMENTS AND GRAVEL AREAS TO 95% OF MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY; AND UNDER GRASS OR MULCH AREAS TO 90% OF MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY. 2. SOILS SHALL NOT CONTAIN COBBLES LARGER THAN 8" IN THE GREATEST DIMENSION, ICE, FROZEN SOIL, OR ROOTS/STUMPAGE. DO NOT WORK ON FROZEN OR MUDDY GROUND. UNROLL MAT ONTO GROUND IN DIRECTION OF WATER FLOW.

SECURE MAT INTO ALL TRANSVERSE CHECK SLOTS. BACKFILL AND COMPACT TRENCHES AND CHECK SLOTS AFTER

9. OVERLAP ROLL ENDS BY THREE (3) FEET MIN. WITH THE UPSLOPE MAT ON TOP TO PREVENT UPLIFT OF MAT END BY WATER FLOW. IF INSTALLING IN THE DIRECTION OF A CONCENTRATED WATERFLOW,

GROUND SURFACE. STAKES SHOULD BE 1" X 3" NOMINAL STOCK CUT IN A TRIANGULAR SHAPE. STAKES SHOULD BE 12" TO 18" LONG,

12. DRIVE WOODEN STAKES TO WITHIN THREE (3) INCHES OF GROUND SURFACE. DO NOT DRIVE FLUSH TO SURFACE. 13. IN ALL TRANSVERSE TERMINAL TRENCHES AND CHECK SLOTS, STAKE EACH MAT AT ITS CENTER AND OVERLAPP EDGES BEFORE BACKFILLING AND COMPACTING. 14. STAKE OVERLAPS LONGITUDINALLY AT THREE (3) TO FIVE (5)

SURFACE AND ALLOW EROSION UNDERNEATH. STAKING THE MAT INTO THE BOTTOM OF TRENCH.

START NEW ROLLS IN A TRANSVERSE DITCH. 10. OVERLAP ADJACENT EDGES OF MAT BY THREE (3) INCES MIN. AND STAKE. 11. WOOD STAKES ARE RECOMMENDED FOR PINNING MAT TO THE

FOOT INTERVALS. 15. FOLLOW COLORED DOT PATTERNS BY MANUFACTURER.

- 3:1 SLOPE 3:1 SLOPE — 4" LOAM, SEED, & MULCH **ORIGINAL** GROUND WOODEN STAKE OPTION TO STAPLES

1. FLOW AREA OF GRASS DITCH TO BE LINED WITH AMERICAN EXCELSIOR CURLEX BLANKET OR EQUAL, INSTALLED PER MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATION WITHIN 48 HOURS OF FINAL DITCH GRADING. 2. BURY THE TOP OF THE NETTING IN A TRENCH 6" OR MORE DEEP. 3. TAMP TRENCH FULL OF SOIL, SECURE WITH ROW OF STAPLES (OR WOOD STAKES), 12" SPACING, 4" DOWN FROM THE TRENCH. 4. OVERLAP-BURY UPPER END OF LOWER STRIPS AS IN "A" & "B" OVERLAP END OF TOP STRIP 4" AND STAPLE OR WOOD STAKE. 5. SLOT-FOLD OF NETTING BURIED IN SLIT TRENCH TAMPED; DOUBLE ROW OF STAKES (OR WOOD STAKES) AT 12" SPACING. USE CHECK SLOTS AT 15" SPACING INDITCHES OR STEEP SLOPES.

TYPICAL GRASS DITCH

NOT TO SCALE

1. FILL SHALL BE COMPACTED IN 6" TO 12" LAYERS TO AVOID

MAT SHOULD LIE FLAT. DO NOT STRETCH MAT OVER GROUND. STRETCHING MAY CAUSE MAT TO BRIDGE DEPRESSIONS IN THE

DEPENDING ON SOIL DENSITY.

BEGIN BLANKET BY ANCHORING -STAPLE SIDES & -OVERLAP ENDS BY 6" IN 6"X6" TRENCH. BACKFILL & TRAILING EDGES AS USE DOUBLE ROW OF COMPACT AFTER STAPLING STAGGERED STAPLES 4" APART INSERT B WOODEN STAKE (ALTERNATE TO INSERT C <u>INSERT A</u> STAPLES)

EMBANKMENT W EROSION CONTROL BLANKET NOT TO SCALE